



# EPDM Primer

Safety Data Sheet 4004

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## SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION

### 1.1. Product Identifier

**Product Form:** Mixture

**Product Name:** EPDM Primer

### 1.2. Intended Use of the Product

**Use of the substance/mixture:** Coating

### 1.3. Name, Address, and Telephone of the Responsible Party

#### Company

GAF  
1 Campus Drive  
Parsippany, NJ 07054 USA  
1-800-766-3411

**Emergency Number :** CHEMTREC [DAY OR NIGHT] 1-800-424-9300  
Outside USA and Canada: 1 703-741-5970

## SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### 2.1. Classification of the Substance or Mixture

#### GHS-US classification

Flam. Liq. 2	H225
Skin Irrit. 2	H315
Muta. 1B	H340
Carc. 1A	H350
Repr. 2	H361
STOT SE 3	H336
Asp. Tox. 1	H304
Aquatic Acute 2	H401
Aquatic Chronic 2	H411

Full text of hazard classes and H-statements : see section 16

### 2.2. Label Elements

#### GHS-US Labeling

##### Hazard Pictograms (GHS-US)



##### Signal Word (GHS-US)

: Danger

##### Hazard Statements (GHS-US)

: H225 - Highly flammable liquid and vapor.  
H304 - May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.  
H315 - Causes skin irritation.  
H336 - May cause drowsiness or dizziness.  
H340 - May cause genetic defects.  
H350 - May cause cancer.  
H361 - Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.  
H401 - Toxic to aquatic life.  
H411 - Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

**Precautionary Statements (GHS-US)**

- : P201 - Obtain special instructions before use.
  - P202 - Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood.
  - P210 - Keep away from extremely high or low temperatures, ignition sources, and incompatible materials. - No smoking.
  - P233 - Keep container tightly closed.
  - P240 - Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
  - P241 - Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.
  - P242 - Use only non-sparking tools.
  - P243 - Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
  - P261 - Avoid breathing vapors, mist, or spray.
  - P264 - Wash hands, forearms, and other exposed areas thoroughly after handling.
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P271 - Use only outdoors or in a well-ventilated area.  
P273 - Avoid release to the environment.  
P280 - Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, and eye protection.  
P301+P310 - If swallowed: Immediately call a poison center or doctor.  
P303+P361+P353 - If on skin (or hair): Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.  
P304+P340 - If inhaled: Remove person to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.  
P308+P313 - If exposed or concerned: Get medical advice/attention.  
P312 - Call a poison center or doctor if you feel unwell.  
P321 - Specific treatment (see section 4 on this SDS).  
P331 - Do NOT induce vomiting.  
P332+P313 - If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.  
P362+P364 - Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.  
P370+P378 - In case of fire: Use appropriate media (see section 5) to extinguish.  
P391 - Collect spillage.  
P403+P233 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed.  
P403+P235 - Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.  
P405 - Store locked up.  
P501 - Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

## 2.3. Other Hazards

Exposure may aggravate pre-existing eye, skin, or respiratory conditions. If this product is allowed to dry and dust is generated, inhalable fractions may contain hazardous ingredients listed in section 3 that may cause cancer, damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure, and respiratory irritation.

## 2.4. Unknown Acute Toxicity (GHS-US)

No data available

## SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

### 3.1. Substance

Not applicable

### 3.2. Mixture

Name	Product Identifier	%	GHS-US classification
Limestone	(CAS No) 1317-65-3	20 - 50	Not classified
Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light	(CAS No) 64742-49-0	10 - 17	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic	(CAS No) 64742-89-8	10 - 17	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411

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Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling	(CAS No) 68410-97-9	10 - 17	Flam. Liq. 1, H224 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1B, H350 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411
SEBS polymer	(CAS No) 66070-58-4	5 - 15	Comb. Dust, H232 Aquatic Chronic 4, H413
Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated	(CAS No) 69430-35-9	3 - 15	Not classified
Titanium dioxide	(CAS No) 13463-67-7	1 - 8	Not classified
Cyclohexane	(CAS No) 110-82-7	1 - 4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Octane	(CAS No) 111-65-9	1 - 4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
n-Heptane	(CAS No) 142-82-5	1 - 4	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 STOT SE 3, H336 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410
Ethylbenzene	(CAS No) 100-41-4	0.01 - 0.29	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor), H332 Carc. 2, H351 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Benzene	(CAS No) 71-43-2	0.01 - 0.29	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Eye Irrit. 2A, H319 Muta. 1B, H340 Carc. 1A, H350 STOT RE 1, H372 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412
Toluene	(CAS No) 108-88-3	0.01 - 0.29	Flam. Liq. 2, H225 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Repr. 2, H361 STOT SE 3, H336 STOT RE 2, H373 Asp. Tox. 1, H304 Aquatic Acute 2, H401 Aquatic Chronic 3, H412

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Quartz	(CAS No) 14808-60-7	0.05 -0.25	Carc. 1A, H350 STOT SE 3, H335 STOT RE 1, H372
Silica, amorphous	(CAS No) 7631-86-9	0.05 - 0.10	Not classified

Full text of H-phrases: see section 16

The specific chemical identity and/or exact percentage of composition has been withheld as a trade secret within the meaning of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard [29 CFR 1910.1200]. In the event of an emergency, chemical identities and exact percentages of the proprietary ingredients may need to be disclosed to emergency personnel upon request.

## SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES

### 4.1. Description of First Aid Measures

**First-aid Measures General:** Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. If you feel unwell, seek medical advice (show the label where possible).

**First-aid Measures After Inhalation:** When symptoms occur: go into open air and ventilate suspected area. Obtain medical attention if breathing difficulty persists.

**First-aid Measures After Skin Contact:** Remove contaminated clothing. Drench affected area with water for at least 15 minutes. Obtain medical attention if irritation develops or persists.

**First-aid Measures After Eye Contact:** Rinse cautiously with water for at least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing. Obtain medical attention.

**First-aid Measures After Ingestion:** Do NOT induce vomiting. Rinse mouth. Immediately call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician.

### 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms/Injuries:** Causes skin irritation. May cause drowsiness and dizziness. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

### 4.3. Indication of Any Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed

If exposed or concerned, get medical advice and attention. If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

## SECTION 5: FIRE-FIGHTING MEASURES

### 5.1. Extinguishing Media

**Suitable Extinguishing Media:** Dry chemical powder, alcohol-resistant foam, carbon dioxide (CO<sub>2</sub>). Water may be ineffective but water should be used to keep fire-exposed container cool.

**Unsuitable Extinguishing Media:** Do not use a heavy water stream. A heavy water stream may spread burning liquid.

### 5.2. Special Hazards Arising From the Substance or Mixture

**Fire Hazard:** Highly flammable liquid and vapor.

**Explosion Hazard:** May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture. When mixed with air and exposed to an ignition source, flammable vapors can burn in the open or explode in confined spaces. Being heavier than air, vapors may travel long distances to an ignition source and flash back. Runoff to sewer may cause fire or explosion hazard.

**Reactivity:** Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.

### 5.3. Advice for Firefighters

**Precautionary Measures Fire:** Exercise caution when fighting any chemical fire. Under fire conditions closed containers may rupture or explode.

**Firefighting Instructions:** Use water spray or fog for cooling exposed containers. In case of major fire and large quantities: Evacuate area. Fight fire remotely due to the risk of explosion. Remove containers from fire area if this can be done without risk. Do not allow run-off from firefighting to enter drains or water courses. Do not breathe fumes from fires or vapors from decomposition.

**Protection During Firefighting:** Do not enter fire area without proper protective equipment, including respiratory protection.

**Other Information:** Do not allow run-off from fire fighting to enter drains or water courses. Will float and can be reignited on water surface.

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## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

### 6.1. Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment and Emergency Procedures

**General Measures:** Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Do not get in eyes, on skin, or on clothing. Do not breathe vapor, mist or spray. Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, and other ignition sources. No smoking. Use special care to avoid static electric charges.

#### 6.1.1. For Non-emergency Personnel

**Protective Equipment:** Use appropriate personal protection equipment (PPE).

**Emergency Procedures:** Evacuate unnecessary personnel. Stop leak if safe to do so.

#### 6.1.2. For Emergency Responders

**Protective Equipment:** Equip cleanup crew with proper protection.

**Emergency Procedures:** Ventilate area. Eliminate ignition sources. Upon arrival at the scene, a first responder is expected to recognize the presence of dangerous goods, protect oneself and the public, secure the area, and call for the assistance of trained personnel as soon as conditions permit.

### 6.2. Environmental Precautions

Prevent entry to sewers and public waters. Avoid release to the environment. Collect spillage.

### 6.3. Methods and Material for Containment and Cleaning Up

**For Containment:** Contain any spills with dikes or absorbents to prevent migration and entry into sewers or streams. As an immediate precautionary measure, isolate spill or leak area in all directions.

**Methods for Cleaning Up:** Clean up spills immediately and dispose of waste safely. Eliminate all ignition sources. Ventilate area. Absorb and/or contain spill with inert material. Do not take up in combustible material such as: saw dust or cellulosic material. Transfer spilled material to a suitable container for disposal. Use only non-sparking tools. Contact competent authorities after a spill.

### 6.4. Reference to Other Sections

See Heading 8. Exposure controls and personal protection. See Section 13, Disposal Considerations.

## SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

### 7.1. Precautions for Safe Handling

**Additional Hazards When Processed:** Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

**Precautions for Safe Handling:** Obtain special instructions before use. Do not handle until all safety precautions have been read and understood. Avoid contact with eyes, skin and clothing. Do not breathe mist, spray, and vapors. Wash hands and other exposed areas with mild soap and water before eating, drinking or smoking and when leaving work. Take precautionary measures against static discharge. Use only non-sparking tools.

**Hygiene Measures:** Handle in accordance with good industrial hygiene and safety procedures.

### 7.2. Conditions for Safe Storage, Including Any Incompatibilities

**Technical Measures:** Comply with applicable regulations. Take action to prevent static discharges. Ground and bond container and receiving equipment. Use explosion-proof electrical, ventilating, and lighting equipment.

**Storage Conditions:** Store in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Keep container tightly closed. Keep/Store away from direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures and incompatible materials. Keep in fireproof place.

**Incompatible Products:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Reducing agents.

### 7.3. Specific End Use(s)

Coating

## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

### 8.1. Control Parameters

For substances listed in section 3 that are not listed here, there are no established exposure limits from the manufacturer, supplier, importer, or the appropriate advisory agency including: ACGIH (TLV), AIHA (WEEL), NIOSH (REL), or OSHA (PEL).

Cyclohexane (110-82-7)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	100 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm
USA IDLH	US IDLH (ppm)	1300 ppm (10% LEL)
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1050 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA OSHA	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	300 ppm
Octane (111-65-9)		
USA ACGIH	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	300 ppm
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
USA NIOSH	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	75 ppm

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<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	385 ppm
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (ppm)	1000 ppm (10% LEL)
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	400 ppm
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	500 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	350 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	85 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (ceiling) (ppm)	440 ppm
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (ppm)	750 ppm
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	2000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	500 ppm
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH chemical category	Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	0.15 g/g Kreatinin (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Sum of mandelic acid and phenylglyoxylic acid (nonspecific))
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	545 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	125 ppm
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (ppm)	800 ppm (10% LEL)
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	435 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	0.5 ppm
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH STEL (ppm)	2.5 ppm
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH chemical category	Skin - potential significant contribution to overall exposure by the cutaneous route, Confirmed Human Carcinogen
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	25 µg/g Kreatinin (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: S-Phenylmercapturic acid (background)) 500 µg/g Kreatinin (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: t,t-Muconic acid (background))
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	0.1 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	1 ppm
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	10 ppm 1 ppm
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (STEL) (ppm)	5 ppm (see 29 CFR 1910.1028)
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	25 ppm
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (ppm)	20 ppm
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	Biological Exposure Indices (BEI)	1.2 mg/l (Medium: blood - Time: prior to last shift of workweek - Parameter: Toluene) 1.3 mg/l (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: Toluene) 0.3 mg/g Kreatinin (Medium: urine - Time: end of shift - Parameter: o-Cresol with hydrolysis (background))
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	375 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (ppm)	100 ppm
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	560 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (STEL) (ppm)	150 ppm
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (ppm)	500 ppm

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<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (ppm)	200 ppm
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (Ceiling) (ppm)	300 ppm
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH chemical category	Not Classifiable as a Human Carcinogen
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	5000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust)
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	6 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	3000 mg/m <sup>3</sup>
<b>Limestone (1317-65-3)</b>		
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	15 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (total dust) 5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>		
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH TWA (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.025 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable fraction)
<b>USA ACGIH</b>	ACGIH chemical category	A2 - Suspected Human Carcinogen
<b>USA NIOSH</b>	NIOSH REL (TWA) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	0.05 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
<b>USA IDLH</b>	US IDLH (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	50 mg/m <sup>3</sup> (respirable dust)
<b>USA OSHA</b>	OSHA PEL (STEL) (mg/m <sup>3</sup> )	250 mppcf/%SiO <sub>2</sub> +5, 10mg/m <sup>3</sup> /%SiO <sub>2</sub> +2

## 8.2. Exposure Controls

### Appropriate Engineering Controls

: Emergency eye wash fountains and safety showers should be available in the immediate vicinity of any potential exposure. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Gas detectors should be used when flammable gases or vapors may be released. Proper grounding procedures to avoid static electricity should be followed. Use explosion-proof equipment. Ensure all national/local regulations are observed.

### Personal Protective Equipment

: Gloves. Protective clothing. Protective goggles. Insufficient ventilation: wear respiratory protection.



### Materials for Protective Clothing

: Chemically resistant materials and fabrics. Wear fire/flammable resistant/retardant clothing.

### Hand Protection

: Wear protective gloves.

### Eye Protection

: Chemical safety goggles.

### Skin and Body Protection

: Wear suitable protective clothing.

### Respiratory Protection

: If exposure limits are exceeded or irritation is experienced, approved respiratory protection should be worn. In case of inadequate ventilation, oxygen deficient atmosphere, or where exposure levels are not known wear approved respiratory protection.

### Environmental Exposure Controls

: Avoid release to the environment.

## SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

### 9.1. Information on Basic Physical and Chemical Properties

Physical State	: Liquid
Appearance	: Pale yellow liquid
Odor	: No data available
Odor Threshold	: No data available
pH	: No data available
Evaporation Rate	: No data available
Melting Point	: No data available
Freezing Point	: No data available



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Boiling Point	: > 250 °F (> 121.11 °C)
Flash Point	: -9 - 20 °C (15.8 - 68 °F)
Auto-ignition Temperature	: No data available
Decomposition Temperature	: No data available
Flammability (solid, gas)	: No data available
Vapor Pressure	: No data available
Relative Vapor Density at 20 °C	: No data available
Relative Density	: No data available
Specific gravity / density	: 7.9 - 8.1 lb/gal
Solubility	: No data available
Partition Coefficient: N-Octanol/Water	: No data available
Viscosity	: 400 - 800 cPs
Explosive Properties	: Risk of explosion if heated under confinement.

**9.2. Other Information** No additional information available

## SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

- 10.1. Reactivity:** Reacts violently with strong oxidizers. Increased risk of fire or explosion.
- 10.2. Chemical Stability:** Highly flammable liquid and vapor. May form flammable or explosive vapor-air mixture.
- 10.3. Possibility of Hazardous Reactions:** Hazardous polymerization will not occur.
- 10.4. Conditions to Avoid:** Direct sunlight, extremely high or low temperatures, heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames, incompatible materials, and other ignition sources.
- 10.5. Incompatible Materials:** Strong acids, strong bases, strong oxidizers. Reducing agents.
- 10.6. Hazardous Decomposition Products:** Carbon oxides (CO, CO<sub>2</sub>). Hydrocarbons. irritating fumes. Metal oxides. Styrene. Amines. Ketones.

## SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 11.1. Information On Toxicological Effects

Acute Toxicity: Not classified

<b>Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light (64742-49-0)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 3160 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	73680 ppm/4h
<b>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic (64742-89-8)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	>= 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	12705 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	13.9 mg/l/4h
<b>Octane (111-65-9)</b>	
LC50 Inhalation Rat	118 g/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	118 mg/l/4h
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	3000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	103 g/m <sup>3</sup> (Exposure time: 4 h)
LC50 Inhalation Rat	103.2 mg/l/4h
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	3500 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	15400 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	17.2 mg/l/4h
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	3306 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 8200 mg/kg

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LC50 Inhalation Rat	44.66 mg/l/4h
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	5580 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	12000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	12.5 mg/l/4h
LC50 Inhalation Rat	25.7 mg/l/4h
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 10000 mg/kg
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rabbit	> 2000 mg/kg
LC50 Inhalation Rat	> 2.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 1 h)
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
LD50 Oral Rat	> 5000 mg/kg
LD50 Dermal Rat	> 5000 mg/kg

**Skin Corrosion/Irritation:** Causes skin irritation.

**Serious Eye Damage/Irritation:** Not classified

**Respiratory or Skin Sensitization:** Not classified

**Germ Cell Mutagenicity:** May cause genetic defects.

**Carcinogenicity:** May cause cancer.

<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
IARC group	2B
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Evidence of Carcinogenicity, Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen List	In OSHA Specifically Regulated Carcinogen list.
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
IARC group	3
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>	
IARC group	2B
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>	
IARC group	3
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
IARC group	1
National Toxicology Program (NTP) Status	Known Human Carcinogens.
OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen List	In OSHA Hazard Communication Carcinogen list.

**Reproductive Toxicity:** Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Single Exposure):** May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

**Specific Target Organ Toxicity (Repeated Exposure):** Not classified

**Aspiration Hazard:** May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Inhalation:** High concentrations may cause central nervous system depression such as dizziness, vomiting, numbness, drowsiness, headache, and similar narcotic symptoms.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Skin Contact:** Causes skin irritation. Redness, pain, swelling, itching, burning, dryness, and dermatitis.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Eye Contact:** May cause slight irritation to eyes.

**Symptoms/Injuries After Ingestion:** Aspiration into the lungs can occur during ingestion or vomiting and may cause lung injury. Ingestion is likely to be harmful or have adverse effects.

**Chronic Symptoms:** May cause genetic defects. May cause cancer. Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child.

## SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION

### 12.1. Toxicity

Ecology - General

: Toxic to aquatic life. Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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<b>Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light (64742-49-0)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	8.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
<b>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic (64742-89-8)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	>= 8.2 mg/l Exposure time 96 hour Species: Pimephales promelas
NOEC chronic fish	14 day exposure Species: Pimephales promelas LC50: 5.2 mg/l
<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	3.96 - 5.18 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.9 mg/l
LC 50 Fish 2	23.03 - 42.07 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
<b>Octane (111-65-9)</b>	
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.38 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: water flea)
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	375.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Cichlid fish)
EC50 Daphnia 1	0.1 mg/l
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	11.0 - 18.0 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	1.8 - 2.4 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
LC 50 Fish 2	4.2 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [semi-static])
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	10.7 - 14.7 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	8.76 - 15.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC 50 Fish 2	5.3 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Oncorhynchus mykiss [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 2	10 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	15.22 (15.22 - 19.05) mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [flow-through])
EC50 Daphnia 1	5.46 (5.46 - 9.83) mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna [Static])
LC 50 Fish 2	12.6 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Pimephales promelas [static])
EC50 Daphnia 2	11.5 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Daphnia magna)
NOEC chronic crustacea	0.74 mg/l (Ceriodaphnia dubia)
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>	
LC50 Fish 1	5000 mg/l (Exposure time: 96 h - Species: Brachydanio rerio [static])
EC50 Daphnia 1	7600 mg/l (Exposure time: 48 h - Species: Ceriodaphnia dubia)

**12.2. Persistence and Degradability** No additional information available

**12.3. Bioaccumulative Potential**

<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
Log Pow	3.44
<b>Octane (111-65-9)</b>	
Log Pow	5.18
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>	
Log Pow	4.66
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
BCF fish 1	15
Log Pow	3.118
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
BCF fish 1	3.5 - 4.4
Log Pow	1.83
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
Log Pow	2.65
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>	
BCF fish 1	(no bioaccumulation expected)

**12.4. Mobility in Soil** No additional information available

**12.5. Other Adverse Effects**

**Other Information** : Avoid release to the environment.

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## SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

**Waste Disposal Recommendations:** Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local, regional, national, and international regulations.

**Additional Information:** Handle empty containers with care because residual vapors are flammable.

**Ecology – Waste Materials:** Avoid release to the environment. This material is hazardous to the aquatic environment. Keep out of sewers and waterways.

## SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION

### 14.1. In Accordance with DOT

Proper Shipping Name : COATING SOLUTION  
Hazard Class : 3  
Identification Number : UN1139  
Label Codes : 3  
Packing Group : II  
Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant  
ERG Number : 127



### 14.2. In Accordance with IMDG

Proper Shipping Name : COATING SOLUTION  
Hazard Class : 3  
Identification Number : UN1139  
Packing Group : II  
Label Codes : 3  
EmS-No. (Fire) : F-E  
EmS-No. (Spillage) : S-E  
Marine Pollutant : Marine pollutant



### 14.3. In Accordance with IATA

Proper Shipping Name : COATING SOLUTION  
Packing Group : II  
Identification Number : UN1139  
Hazard Class : 3  
Label Codes : 3  
ERG Code (IATA) : 3L



## SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION

### 15.1 US Federal Regulations

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SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<b>Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated light (64742-49-0)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Solvent naphtha, petroleum, light aliphatic (64742-89-8)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Distillates, petroleum, light distillate hydrotreating process, low-boiling (68410-97-9)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA
SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting	1.0 %
<b>Octane (111-65-9)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	

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<b>EPA TSCA Regulatory Flag</b>	T - T - indicates a substance that is the subject of a Section 4 test rule under TSCA
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
<b>CERCLA RQ</b>	1000 lb
<b>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</b>	0.1 %
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
<b>CERCLA RQ</b>	10 lb
<b>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</b>	Fire hazard Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<b>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</b>	0.1 %
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory Subject to reporting requirements of United States SARA Section 313	
<b>CERCLA RQ</b>	1000 lb
<b>SARA Section 313 - Emission Reporting</b>	1.0 %
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</b>	Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Limestone (1317-65-3)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>SARA Section 311/312 Hazard Classes</b>	Immediate (acute) health hazard Delayed (chronic) health hazard
<b>SEBS polymer (66070-58-4)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>Hydrocarbons, C6-20, polymers, hydrogenated (69430-35-9)</b>	
Listed on the United States TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) inventory	
<b>15.2 US State Regulations</b>	
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>	
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>	
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Reproductive Toxicity - Male</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause (Male) reproductive harm.
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>	
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Developmental Toxicity</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause birth defects.
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>	
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>	
<b>U.S. - California - Proposition 65 - Carcinogens List</b>	WARNING: This product contains chemicals known to the State of California to cause cancer.

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<b>Cyclohexane (110-82-7)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Octane (111-65-9)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>n-Heptane (142-82-5)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Ethylbenzene (100-41-4)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Benzene (71-43-2)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Special Hazardous Substances U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Toluene (108-88-3)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) - Environmental Hazard List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Titanium dioxide (13463-67-7)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Silica, amorphous (7631-86-9)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Limestone (1317-65-3)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List
<b>Quartz (14808-60-7)</b>
U.S. - Massachusetts - Right To Know List U.S. - New Jersey - Right to Know Hazardous Substance List U.S. - Pennsylvania - RTK (Right to Know) List

## SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION, INCLUDING DATE OF PREPARATION OR LAST REVISION

**Revision Date** : 07/07/2016  
**Other Information** : This document has been prepared in accordance with the SDS requirements of the OSHA Hazard Communication Standard 29 CFR 1910.1200.

### GHS Full Text Phrases:

Acute Tox. 4 (Inhalation:vapor)	Acute toxicity (inhalation:vapor) Category 4
Aquatic Acute 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 1
Aquatic Acute 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Acute Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 1	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 1

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Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 3
Aquatic Chronic 4	Hazardous to the aquatic environment - Chronic Hazard Category 4
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard Category 1
Carc. 1A	Carcinogenicity Category 1A
Carc. 1B	Carcinogenicity Category 1B
Carc. 2	Carcinogenicity Category 2
Comb. Dust	Combustible Dust
Eye Irrit. 2A	Serious eye damage/eye irritation Category 2A
Flam. Liq. 1	Flammable liquids Category 1
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquids Category 2
Muta. 1B	Germ cell mutagenicity Category 1B
Repr. 2	Reproductive toxicity Category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin corrosion/irritation Category 2
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity (repeated exposure) Category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity (single exposure) Category 3
H224	Extremely flammable liquid and vapor
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapor
Comb. Dust	May form combustible dust concentrations in air
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways
H315	Causes skin irritation
H319	Causes serious eye irritation
H332	Harmful if inhaled
H335	May cause respiratory irritation
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness
H340	May cause genetic defects
H350	May cause cancer
H351	Suspected of causing cancer
H361	Suspected of damaging fertility or the unborn child
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure
H400	Very toxic to aquatic life
H401	Toxic to aquatic life
H410	Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects
H413	May cause long lasting harmful effects to aquatic life

## Disclaimer

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## Revision Information

Conversion to GAF SDS.